

Al Misinformation Detection: An Active Learning Activity for the Information Literacy Classroom

Kevin J. Reagan & Wilhelmina Randtke

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Abstract

The ACRL Framework for Information Literacy in Higher Education—a curriculum for academic librarians—was a response to voluminous, unreliable information. Furthermore, existing lesson plans for teaching the ACRL Framework are transferable to teaching research and AI in a world where AI creates misinformation. By situating the ACRL Framework into the context of recent information literacy history, the authors will situate AI misinformation into a larger discourse and provide a hands-on approach to teaching students what hallucinations are, as well as how to ascertain a source's reality and provenance.



Today's Learning Objectives

By the end of this session, participants should be able to:

- Replicate or adapt the presented lesson plan in the classroom
- Articulate how Al misinformation fits into the greater history of information literacy
- Express the challenges of AI misinformation to students



Session Outline

- I. Activity Context
- II. Learning activity
- III. Al Misinformation & the ACRL Framework
- IV. Q&A



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Some "Librarian" Terms

- 1. One-Shot Session
- 2. Information Literacy
- 3. ACRL Framework
- 4. Research consultation



Activity Context

- Walk-in research consultation
- Normalize Al disclosure
- Use after a typical one-shot session
- Not for advanced Al users



Activity Instructions

- 1. Groups receive a folder with citations
- 2. Two real citations; one fake citation
- 3. Ascertain which source is the fake.
- 4. Reveal suspect and show evidence of innocent suspect



Student Learning Objectives & Instructions

Learning Objectives:

- Recall how to find to find a journal article by author name, journal name, or article title.
- Discuss the limitations of using artificial intelligence to find scholarly sources

"Your librarian needs your help in cracking the case of the AI imposter. You have been given classified intel about the three citations in question, and it is your duty to conduct a thorough investigation to find the suspect. Be prepared to present how you ruled out your suspects and ascertained the imposter."

See lesson on LibGuide: https://georgiasouthern.libguides.com/ai_literacy



Let the Investigations Begin

Solve the case of the unsolved AI misinformation! Also, be prepared to discuss how you might adapt this activity in your classroom.

For digital dossiers, see https://georgiasouthern.libguides.com/c.php?g=1380906&p=10211384



Limitations, Resources Student Reactions

- Limited experience with Al
- Exacerbating the digital divide?
- Students get into the investigator vibe
- Time: I typically do this when an instructor gives me two sessions with their classes



ACRL Framework: A response to online misinformation

The ACRL Framework was designed to address voluminous information and misinformation: "[T]he rapidly changing higher education environment, along with the dynamic and often uncertain information ecosystem in which all of us work and live, require new attention to be focused on foundational ideas about that ecosystem." (ACRL, 2016, 7).



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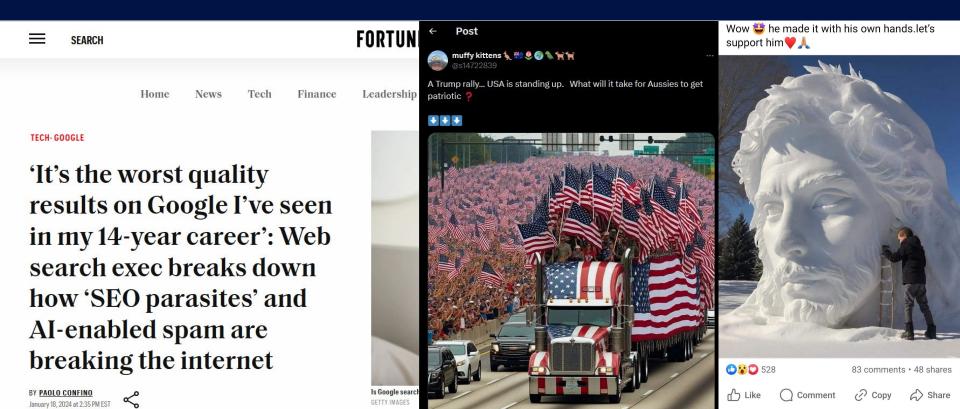


Al and the Information Ecosystem





Today: Online misinformation and Al





Today: Misinformation from Chatbots

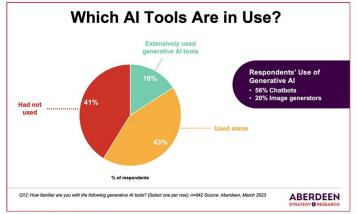
Misinformation can come by someone directly interacting with a generative AI, or by finding misinformation online.

Home > News > The Why Axis

When Will ChatGPT Replace Search? Maybe Sooner Than You Think

A recent Aberdeen Strategy & Research survey asked how you think you'll find internet-based information in the future: Al chatbots beat search engines by a wide margin.





(Credit: Aberdeen Group / PCMag)



Established use of AI: Microtargeting

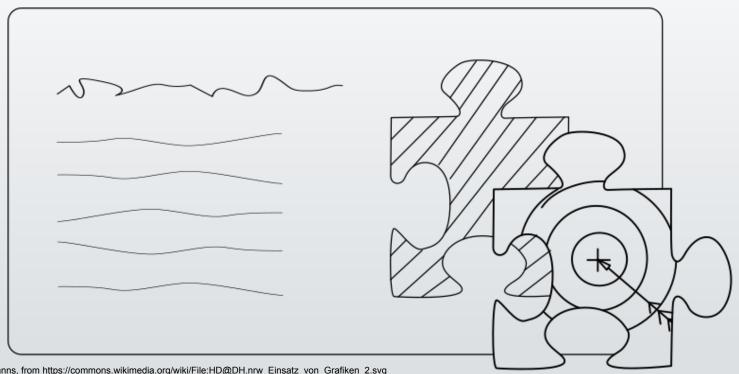


Image by Michelle Dahlmanns, from https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:HD@DH.nrw_Einsatz_von_Grafiken_2.svg



Established use of Al: Emotion detection





Established use of AI: Behavioral Modification



Jun 28, 2014, 01:10pm EDT

FORBES > BUSINESS > POLICY

Facebook Manipulated User News Feeds To Create Emotional Responses

Gregory S. McNeal Contributor ⊙

I write about business, law, and technology policy.

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Updated Jun 30, 2014, 11:56pm EDT

(This article is more than 10 years old.

TWEET THIS

Facebook conducted a massive psychological experiment on 689,003 users, manipulating their news feeds to assess the effects on their emotions.

The Cambridge Analytica Files

Big data

• This article is more than 6 years old

https://www.theguardian.com/technology/2018/mar/17/facebook-cambridge-analytica-kogan-data-algorithm

How Cambridge Analytica turned Facebook 'likes' into a lucrative political tool

The algorithm used in the Facebook data breach trawled though personal data for information on sexual orientation, race, gender - and even intelligence and childhood trauma







Introducing the ACRL Framework for Information Literacy in Higher Education

- Predecesor: Information Literacy Competency Standards for Higher Education (2000)
- Adopted in 2016
- Set up dispositions for students: information literacy as a process



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Misinformation, content farms, and artificial intelligence

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